TABLE 1. 2020 Commercial troll management Alternatives	for non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries – Council adopted. (Pa	age 1 of 13) Monday, March 09, 2020,11:32 AM
	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS	
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III
North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information
Model #: Coho2012, Chinook1020	Model #: Coho2013, Chinook1120	Model #: Coho2014, Chinook1220
<ol> <li>Overall non-Indian TAC: 60,000 Chinook and 35,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked).</li> <li>Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 30,000 Chinook and 5,600 marked coho.</li> <li>Trade: May be considered at the April Council meeting.</li> <li>Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Overall non-Indian TAC: 45,000 Chinook and 25,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked).</li> <li>Non-Indian commercial troll TAC: 22,875 Chinook and 2,500 marked coho.</li> <li>Trade: Commercial troll traded 1,500 marked coho to the recreational fishery for 375 Chinook.</li> <li>Same as Alternative 1</li> </ol>	Closed
U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon  May 6 through the earlier of June 28, or 20,000 Chinook. No more than 7,390 of which may be caught in the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, and no more than 5,450 of which may be caught in the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon (C.8).  Open seven days per week (C.1).  In the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, the landing and possession limit is 75 Chinook per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.) (C.1, C.6).	U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon  • May 6 through the earlier of June 30, or 11,500 Chinook. No more than 4,250 of which may be caught in the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, and no more than 3,140 of which may be caught in the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon (C.8).  During May 6-12 the following applies: In the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, the landing and possession limit is 100 Chinook per vessel per open period (C.1, C.6).  In the area between the Queets River and Leadbetter Pt., the landing and possession limit is 200 Chinook per vessel per open period (C.1, C.6).  In the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, the	U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon     Closed
In the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, the landing and possession limit is 75 Chinook per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.) (C.1, C.6).	In the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, the landing and possession limit is 100 Chinook per vessel per open period (C.1, C.6).	
(Continued next page)	(Continued next page)	(Continued next page)

	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS	
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III
U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon (continued)	U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon (continued)  During May 15-June 30 the following applies:	U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon (continued)
	Open five days per week (FriTue.) (C.1).	
	In the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, the landing and possession limit is 50 Chinook per vessel per open period (FriTue.) (C.1, C.6).	
	In the area between the Queets River and Leadbetter Pt., the landing and possession limit is 200 Chinook per open period (FriTue.) (C.1, C.6).	
	In the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, the landing and possession limit is 50 Chinook per vessel per open period (FriTue.) (C.1, C.6).	
All salmon, except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size imit of 28 inches total length (B). See compliance equirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions C.2, C.3).	For all open periods (May 6-June 30): All salmon, except coho (C.4, C.7). Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length (B). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	
When it is projected that approximately 75% of the overall Chinook guideline has been landed, or approximately 75% of any of the individual Chinook subarea guidelines have been landed, inseason action will be considered to ensure the guideline is not exceeded.	When it is projected that approximately 50% of the overall Chinook guideline has been landed, or approximately 50% of any of the individual Chinook subarea guidelines have been landed, inseason action will be considered to ensure the guideline is not exceeded.	
n 2021, the season will open May 1 for all salmon except scho consistent with preseason regulations as described or this area and subareas for May 6-June 30, 2020, including subarea salmon guidelines and weekly vessel smits. These regulations would apply from the opening of the fishery on May 1, 2021, until modified following Council eview at its March and/or April 2021 meetings. Catch during this opening will be counted towards quotas set for this area and subareas at the April 2021 meeting.	In 2021, same as Alternative 1	

TABLE 1. 2020 Commercial troll management Alternatives for	non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries - Council adopted. (Page	3 of 13) Monday, March 09, 2020,11:32 AM
	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS	
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III
U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon  July 1 through the earlier of September 30, or 10,000 Chinook or 5,600 coho (C.8).	<ul> <li>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</li> <li>July 3 through the earlier of September 29, or 11,375 Chinook or 2,500 coho (C.8).</li> </ul>	<ul><li>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Falcon</li><li>Closed</li></ul>
Open seven days per week. All salmon. Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length. Coho minimum size limit of 16 inches total length (B, C.1). All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.8.d). No chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington in August and September (C.4, C.7). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Open five days per week (FriTue.). All salmon. Chinook minimum size limit of 28 inches total length. Coho minimum size limit of 16 inches total length (B, C.1). All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.8.d). No chum retention north of Cape Alava, Washington in August and September (C.4, C.7). See compliance requirements (C.1) and gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	
In the area between the U.S./Canada border and the Queets River, the landing and possession limit is 75 Chinook per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.) (C.1, C.6).		
In the area between the Queets River and Leadbetter Pt., the landing and possession limit is 75 Chinook per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.) (C.1, C.6).		
In the area between Leadbetter Pt. and Cape Falcon, the landing and possession limit is 75 Chinook per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.) (C.1, C.6).		
Landing and possession limit of 20 marked coho per vessel per landing week (ThursWed.) (C.1).	Landing and possession limit of 10 marked coho per vessel per open period (FriTue.) (C.1).	

#### For all commercial troll fisheries north of Cape Falcon:

Mandatory closed areas include: Salmon troll Yelloweye Rockfish Conservation Area, Cape Flattery, and Columbia Control Zones, and beginning August 10, the Grays Harbor Control Zone (C.5). Vessels must land and deliver their salmon within 24 hours of any closure of this fishery.

Vessels fishing or in possession of salmon <u>north</u> of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver all species of fish in a Washington port and must possess a Washington troll and/or salmon delivery license. Vessels may not land fish east of the Sekiu River or east of the Megler-Astoria bridge. <u>For delivery to Washington ports south of Leadbetter Point</u>, vessels must notify the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife at 360-249-1215 prior to crossing the Leadbetter Point line with area fished, total Chinook, coho, and halibut catch aboard, and destination with approximate time of delivery. During any single trip, only one side of the Leadbetter Point line may be fished (C.11).

Vessels fishing or in possession of salmon while fishing <u>south</u> of Leadbetter Point must land and deliver all species of fish within the area and south of Leadbetter Point, except that Oregon permitted vessels may also land all species of fish in Garibaldi, Oregon. Under state law, vessels must report their catch on a state fish receiving ticket. Oregon State regulations require all fishers landing salmon into Oregon from any fishery between Leadbetter Point, Washington and Cape Falcon, Oregon to notify ODFW within one hour of delivery or prior to transport away from the port of landing by either calling 541-867-0300 ext. 271 or sending notification via e-mail to nfalcon.trollreport@state.or.us. Notification shall include vessel name and number, number of salmon by species, port of landing and location of delivery, and estimated time of delivery. Inseason actions may modify harvest guidelines in later fisheries to achieve or prevent exceeding the overall allowable troll harvest impacts (C.8).

Vessels in possession of salmon <u>north of the Queets River</u> may not cross the Queets River line without first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 with area fished, total Chinook, coho, and halibut catch aboard and destination. Vessels in possession of salmon south of the Queets River may not cross the Queets River line without first notifying WDFW at 360-249-1215 with area fished, total Chinook, coho, and halibut catch aboard, and destination (C.11).

	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS	
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III
North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon	North of Cape Falcon
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information
<ol> <li>Overall non-Indian TAC: 60,000 Chinook and 35,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked).</li> <li>Recreational TAC: 30,000 Chinook and 29,400 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked.</li> <li>Various daily limits and species combinations of one and two salmon will be considered. Including one fish, two fish only, one of which may be a Chinook, and two fish only one of which may be a coho.</li> <li>A trade with commercial troll may be considered in April.</li> <li>No Area 4B add-on fishery.</li> <li>Buoy 10 fishery opens August 1 with an expected landed catch of 13,000 marked coho in August and September.</li> <li>Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Overall non-Indian TAC: 45,000 Chinook and 25,000 coho marked with a healed adipose fin clip (marked).</li> <li>Recreational TAC: 22,125 Chinook and 22,500 marked coho; all retained coho must be marked.</li> <li>Various daily limits and species combinations of one and two salmon will be considered. Including one fish, two fish only, one of which may be a Chinook, and two fish only one of which may be a coho.</li> <li>Trade: Commercial troll traded 1,500 marked coho to the recreational fishery for 375 Chinook.</li> <li>No Area 4B add-on fishery.</li> <li>Buoy 10 fishery opens August 1 with an expected landed catch of 15,000 marked coho in August and September.</li> <li>Same as Alternative I</li> </ol>	Buoy 10 fishery opens August 1 with an expected landed catch of 17,000 marked coho in August and September.
<ul> <li>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava (Neah Bay)</li> <li>June 14 through the earlier of September 30, or 3,060 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 6,400 Chinook (C.5).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava (Neah Bay)</li> <li>June 27 through the earlier of September 13, or 2,340 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 4,700 Chinook (C.5).</li> </ul>	U.S./Canada Border to Cape Alava (Neah Bay)  • Closed
Open seven days a week. See minimum size limits (B).  During June 14-28: All salmon, except coho; one salmon per day (C.1).  Beginning June 29: All salmon, except no chum	Open seven days per week. All salmon, except no chum beginning August 1; two salmon per day. All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). See minimum size limits (B).	
beginning Jugust 1; two salmon, except no chum beginning August 1; two salmon per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1).		
Beginning August 1, Chinook non-retention east of the Bonilla-Tatoosh line (C.4.a) during Council managed ocean fishery. See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3).	Same as Alternative 1	
Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	Same as Alternative 1	

	A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS	
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE II	ALTERNATIVE III
Cape Alava to Queets River (La Push Subarea)  June 14 through the earlier of September 30, or 760 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 1,400 Chinook (C.5).	Cape Alava to Queets River (La Push Subarea)  June 27 through the earlier of September 13, or 580 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 1,100 Chinook (C.5).	Cape Alava to Queets River (La Push Subarea)  • Closed.
Open seven days a week. See salmon minimum size limits (B).  During June 14-28: All salmon, except coho; one salmon per day (C.1).	Open seven days per week. All salmon, except no chum beginning August 1; two salmon per day. All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1) See salmon minimum size limits (B).	
Beginning June 29: All salmon, except no chum beginning August 1; two salmon per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1).		
Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	Same as Alternative 1	
<ul> <li>Queets River to Leadbetter Point (Westport Subarea)</li> <li>June 14 through the earlier of September 30, or 10,880 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 14,200 Chinook (C.5).</li> </ul>	Queets River to Leadbetter Point (Westport Subarea)     June 28 through the earlier of September 13, or 8,330 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 10,500 Chinook (C.5).	<ul> <li>Queets River to Leadbetter Point (Westport Subarea)</li> <li>Closed.</li> </ul>
During June 14-28: Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho; one salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 22 inches total length (B).	Open five days per week (SunThurs.). All salmon; two salmon per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). See salmon minimum size limits (B).	
Beginning June 29: Open five days per week (SunThurs.). All salmon; two salmon per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Coho minimum size limit of 16 inches total length (B).	init one (e. 1). Gee cannot riminate of the initial (b).	
Chinook minimum size limit of 22 inches total length (B).		
See gear restrictions and definitions (C.2, C.3). Grays Harbor Control Zone closed beginning August 10 (C.4.b). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	Same as Alternative 1	

TABLE 2. 2020 Recreational management Alternatives for	non-Indian ocean salmon fisheries – Council adopted. (Page	e 3 of 9) Monday, March 09, 2020,12:00 PM	
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS			
ALTERNATIVE I	ALTERNATIVE III		
Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon (Columbia River Subarea)  June 14 through the earlier of September 30, or 14,700 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 8,000 Chinook (C.5).  During June 14-28: Open seven days per week. All salmon except coho; one salmon per day (C.1). Chinook minimum size limit of 22 inches total length (B).  Beginning June 29, open seven days per week. All salmon; two salmon per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). Coho minimum size limit of 16 inches total length (B).  Chinook minimum size limit of 22 inches total length (B).	<ul> <li>Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon (Columbia River Subarea)</li> <li>June 28 through the earlier of September 13, or 11,250 marked coho subarea quota, with a subarea guideline of 5,800 Chinook (C.5).</li> <li>Open five days per week (SunThurs.). All salmon; two salmon per day, no more than one of which may be a Chinook. All coho must be marked with a healed adipose fin clip (C.1). See salmon minimum size limits (B).</li> </ul>	Leadbetter Point to Cape Falcon (Columbia River Subarea)  • Closed.	
Columbia Control Zone closed (C.4.c). Inseason management may be used to sustain season length and keep harvest within the overall Chinook and coho recreational TACs for north of Cape Falcon (C.5).	Same as Alternative 1		

TABLE 3a. (QTA) 2020 Treaty Indian troll management Alternatives for ocean salmon fisheries – Council adopted. (Page 1 of 3) Monday, March 09, 2020,11:37 AM					
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS					
QTA ALTERNATIVE I QTA ALTERNATIVE II QTA ALTERNATIVE III					
Supplemental Management Information	formation Supplemental Management Information Supplemental Management Information				
Overall Treaty-Indian TAC: 30,000 Chinook and 12,500 coho.     Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.	Overall Treaty-Indian TAC: 25,000 Chinook and 10,000 coho.     Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.	Overall Treaty-Indian TAC: 20,000 Chinook and 0 coho.     Overall Chinook and/or coho TAC may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.			
May 1 through the earlier of June 30 or 18,000 Chinook quota.  All salmon may be retained except coho. If the Chinook quota is exceeded, the excess will be deducted from the later all-salmon season (C.5). See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).  In July 1 through the earlier of August 21, or 13,000.	May 1 through the earlier of June 30 or 15,000 Chinook quota.  All salmon may be retained except coho. If the Chinook quota is exceeded, the excess will be deducted from the later all-salmon season (C.5). See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).    July 1 through the parties of August 31, or 10,000	May 1 through the earlier of June 30 or 12,000 Chinook quota.  All salmon may be retained except coho. If the Chinook quota is exceeded, the excess will be deducted from the later all-salmon season (C.5). See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).      New 1 through the corlier of August 31, or 8,000.			
July 1 through the earlier of August 31, or 12,000 Chinook quota, or 12,500 coho quota.  All Salmon. See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).	July 1 through the earlier of August 31, or 10,000 Chinook quota or 10,000 coho quota  All salmon. See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).	July 1 through the earlier of August 31, or 8,000 Chinook quota or 0 coho quota.  All salmon. See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).			

TABLE 3b. (Makah Tribal) 2020 Treaty Indian troll manage	ement Alternatives for ocean salmon fisheries - Council adopt	ed. (Page 2 of 3) Monday, March 09, 2020,11:37 AM			
A. SEASON ALTERNATIVE DESCRIPTIONS					
MAKAH TRIBAL ALTERNATIVE I MAKAH TRIBAL ALTERNATIVE II MAKAH TRIBAL ALTERNATIVE III					
Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information	Supplemental Management Information			
Overall Treaty-Indian TAC: 45,000 Chinook and 30,000 coho.      Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.	Overall Treaty-Indian TAC: 35,000 Chinook and 22,500 coho.     Overall Chinook and/or coho TACs may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.	<ol> <li>Overall Treaty-Indian TAC: 25,000 Chinook and 15,00 coho.</li> <li>Overall Chinook and/or coho TAC may need to be reduced or fisheries adjusted to meet NMFS ESA guidance, FMP requirements, upon conclusion of negotiations in the North of Falcon forum, or upon receipt of preseason catch and abundance expectations for Canadian and Alaskan fisheries.</li> </ol>			
May 1 through the earlier of June 30 or 22,500 Chinook quota.  All salmon may be retained except coho. If the Chinook quota is exceeded, the excess will be deducted from the later all-salmon season (C.5). See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).	May 1 through the earlier of June 30 or 17,500 Chinook quota.  All salmon may be retained except coho. If the Chinook quota is exceeded, the excess will be deducted from the later all-salmon season (C.5). See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).	May 1 through the earlier of June 30 or 12,500 Chinook quota.  All salmon may be retained except coho. If the Chinook quota is exceeded, the excess will be deducted from the later all-salmon season (C.5). See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).			
July 1 through the earlier of September 15, or 22,500 Chinook quota, or 30,000 coho quota.  All Salmon. See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).	July 1 through the earlier of September 15, or 17,500 Chinook quota or 22,500 coho quota  All salmon. See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).	July 1 through the earlier of September 15, or 12,500 Chinook quota or 15,000 coho quota.  All salmon. See size limit (B) and other restrictions (C).			

Table 3a and 3b. 2020 Treaty Indian troll management Alternatives for ocean salmon fisheries - Tribe proposed.

# B. Minimum Length (total inches).

	Chinook		Coho		
Area (when open)	Total Length	Head-off	Total Length	Head-off	Pink
North of Cape Falcon	24.0 (61.0 cm)	18.0 (45.7 cm)	16.0 (40.6 cm)	12.0 (30.5 cm)	None

Monday, March 09, 2020,11:37 AM

#### C. REQUIREMENTS. DEFINITIONS. RESTRICTIONS. OR EXCEPTIONS

C.1. Tribe and Area Boundaries. All boundaries may be changed to include such other areas as may hereafter be authorized by a Federal court for that tribe's treaty fishery.

<u>S'KLALLAM</u> - Washington State Statistical Area 4B (defined to include those waters of Puget Sound easterly of a line projected from the Bonilla Point light on Vancouver Island to the Tatoosh Island light, thence to the most westerly point on Cape Flattery and westerly of a line projected true north from the fishing boundary marker at the mouth of the Sekiu River [WAC 220-301-030]).

MAKAH - Washington State Statistical Area 4B and that portion of the FMA north of 48°02'15" N. lat. (Norwegian Memorial) and east of 125°44'00" W. long.

QUILEUTE - A polygon commencing at Cape Alava, located at latitude 48°10'00" north, longitude 124°43'56.9" west; then proceeding west approximately forty nautical miles at that latitude to a northwestern point located at latitude 48°10'00" north, longitude 125°44'00" west; then proceeding in a southeasterly direction mirroring the coastline at a distance no farther than forty nautical miles from the mainland Pacific coast shoreline at any line of latitude, to a southwestern point at latitude 47°31'42" north, longitude 125°20'26" west; then proceeding east along that line of latitude to the Pacific coast shoreline at latitude 47°31'42" north, longitude 124°21'9.0" west.

HOH - That portion of the FMA between 47°54'18" N. lat. (Quillayute River) and 47°21'00" N. lat. (Quinault River) and east of 125°44'00" W. long.

QUINAULT - A polygon commencing at the Pacific coast shoreline near Destruction Island, located at latitude 47°40'06" north, longitude 124°23'51.362" west; then proceeding west approximately thirty nautical miles at that latitude to a northwestern point located at latitude 47°40'06" north, longitude 125°08'30" west; then proceeding in a southeasterly direction mirroring the coastline no farther than thirty nautical miles from the mainland Pacific coast shoreline at any line of latitude, to a southwestern point at latitude 46°53'18" north, longitude 124°53'53" west; then proceeding east along that line of latitude to the pacific coast shoreline at latitude 46°53'18" north, longitude 124°7'36.6" west.

## C.2. Gear restrictions

- Single point, single shank, barbless hooks are required in all fisheries.
- b. No more than eight fixed lines per boat.
- c. No more than four hand held lines per person in the Makah area fishery (Washington State Statistical Area 4B and that portion of the FMA north of 48°02'15" N. lat. (Norwegian Memorial) and east of 125°44'00" W. long.)

## C.3. Quotas

- a. The quotas include troll catches by the S'Klallam and Makah Tribes in Washington State Statistical Area 4B from May 1 through September 15.
- b. The Quileute Tribe may continue a ceremonial and subsistence fishery during the time frame of October 1 through October 15 in the same manner as in 2004-2015. Fish taken during this fishery are to be counted against treaty troll quotas established for the 2020 season (estimated harvest during the October ceremonial and subsistence fishery: 20 Chinook; 40 coho).

### C.4. Area Closures

- a. The area within a six nautical mile radius of the mouths of the Queets River (47°31'42" N. lat.) and the Hoh River (47°45'12" N. lat.) will be closed to commercial fishing.
- b. A closure within two nautical miles of the mouth of the Quinault River (47°21'00" N. lat.) may be enacted by the Quinault Nation and/or the State of Washington and will not adversely affect the Secretary of Commerce's management regime.
- C.5. <u>Inseason Management</u>: In addition to standard inseason actions or modifications already noted under the season description, the following inseason guidance is provided to NMFS:
  - a. Chinook remaining from the May through June treaty-Indian ocean troll harvest guideline north of Cape Falcon may be transferred to the July through September harvest guideline on a fishery impact equivalent basis.