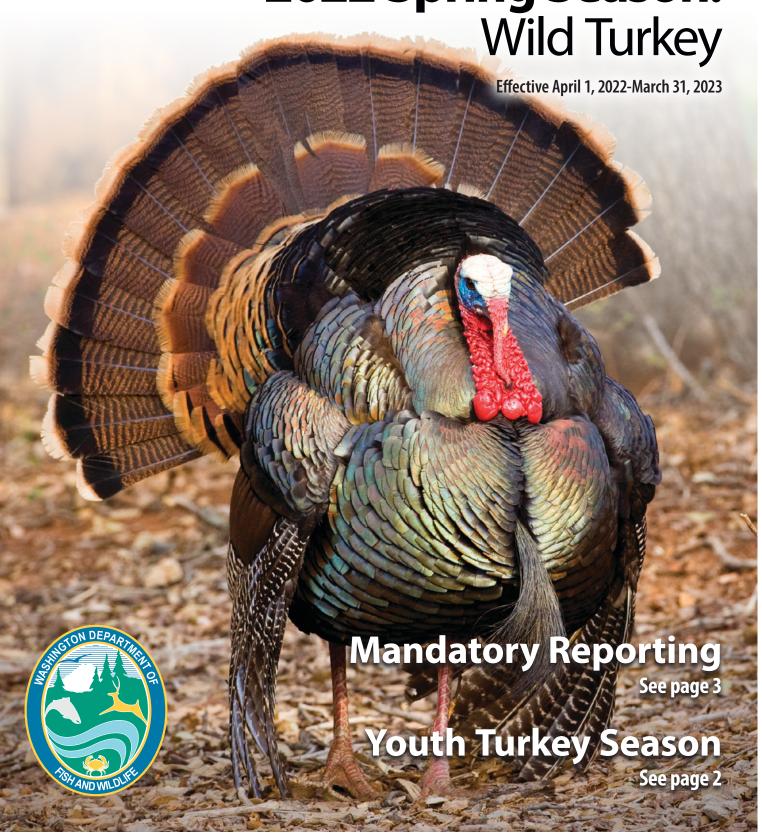
WASHINGTON

2022 Spring Season:



2022 Wild Turkey Spring Season

Three subspecies of wild turkey reside in Washington: the Merriam's, Rio Grande, and Eastern.

- Merriam's subspecies occupies portions of Spokane, Pend Oreille, Stevens, Ferry, Okanogan, Chelan, Kittitas, Yakima, Klickitat, and Skamania counties.
- Rio Grande turkeys can be found in Asotin, Garfield, Columbia, Walla Walla, Whitman, and Lincoln counties.
- Eastern subspecies can be found west of the Cascades in Cowlitz, Wahkiakum, Pacific, Grays Harbor, Mason, Thurston and Lewis counties.

2022 Spring Season

AREA	DATES OPEN	RESTRICTIONS	BAG/POSSESSION LIMIT
Statewide	1 / /	visible beards only	A total of three (3) turkeys in the spring season with following restrictions: Only 2 turkeys may be killed in Eastern Washington, except 3 may be killed in Spokane County. Only 1 may be killed in Kittitas or Yakima counties. One turkey may be killed per year in Western Washington outside of Klickitat County. Two turkeys may be killed in Klickitat County.

ADDITIONAL TURKEY TAGS MAY BE PURCHASED AT ANY TIME. IN APPROPRIATE AREAS. THREE TURKEYS CAN BE HARVESTED IN ONE DAY.

Youth Turkey Season

- Youth license holders may hunt during a special youth-only spring turkey season on April 1-7, 2022.
- The youth season is open statewide.
- Must be accompanied by an adult, 18 years or older.
- Standard hunting methods and all other turkey hunting regulations apply to the youth season. (The combined youth/spring season bag limit is the same as listed for spring season above.)

Special Regulations

- · Spring turkey season is open for shotgun (10 gauge or under capable of holding 3 or fewer shells - a plug may be used to meet this requirement - or muzzleloader with shot), bow-and-arrow, and crossbow hunting only. Potential changes regarding authorized firearms may occur after the printing of this publication and take effect in May 2022. Please refer to WAC 220-414-020 Unlawful methods for hunting—Firearms for a complete list of approved firearms before you hunt.
- A valid hunting license and an unaltered, unnotched turkey transport tag are required for hunting turkey.
- Immediately after killing a turkey, hunters must validate their own tag by completely removing notches for month and day of kill and securely attach tag to carcass.
- It is unlawful to use dogs, live birds, electronic calls or electronic decoys to hunt turkeys.
- Baiting game birds is illegal.
- Turkey hunters must report hunting activity (see
- Turkey hunters must use #4 shot or smaller (e.g., #6 shot).
- It is illegal to possess in the field or transport game birds unless a feathered head or wing is left attached to each carcass.

WAC Summary Information

This pamphlet is a summary of the hunting regulations and seasons (chapters 220-400 through 220-416 of the Washington Administrative Code) adopted by the Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission. This pam-

Wild Turkey License and Tag Fees

LICENSE OR TAG	RESIDENT	NON-RESIDENT	YOUTH*	RESIDENT DISABLED***
Small game license	\$40.50	\$183.50	\$18.50	\$18.50
Small game, with combined purchase of big game license**	\$22.00	\$96.80	\$8.80	\$8.80
Three-day small game	n/a	\$68.00	n/a	n/a
First turkey tag	\$15.90	\$44.50	\$0.50	\$15.90
Additional turkey transport tags	\$15.90	\$66.50	\$11.50	\$15.90

- * Youth hunters are defined as under 16 when they buy a license.
- ** License needs to be purchased at the same time as any big game license.
- *** Refer to Big Game or Game Bird and Small Game Regulations for requirements.

2022 Spring Turkey Season Hunting Hours

1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset

DATE	EASTERN W	ASHINGTON	WESTERN WASHINGTON		
DATE	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	
April 1-7	6:00	7:30	6:10	7:45	
April 15-21	5:35	7:50	5:45	8:05	
April 22-28	5:20	8:00	5:30	8:15	
April 29 - May 5	5:10	8:10	5:20	8:25	
May 6-12	5:00	8:20	5:10	8:30	
May 13-19	4:50	8:25	5:00	8:40	
May 20-26	4:40	8:35	4:50	8:50	
May 27-31	4:35	8:40	4:45	8:55	

phlet does not contain all department regulations. Regulations specific to the hunting seasons described in this pamphlet are found in section 220-416-010 of the Washington Administrative Code.

Reward

Stop Washington Poachers! To report poaching in progress, dial 9-1-1. Individuals that witness and would like to anonymously report a fish or wildlife violation can call toll free 1-877-933-9847 (1-877-WDFW-TIP). Remember this is not an information hotline. Other reporting tools can be found at wdfw.wa.gov/poaching.

The Department of Fish and Wildlife pays rewards for information that leads to a conviction of people violating wildlife laws.

The Washington Chapter of the National Wild Turkey Federation will pay \$250.00 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of individuals responsible for illegal take of wild turkeys.

Advisory on Emergency Regulations

Caution: Emergency regulation changes may occur while the seasons described in this pamphlet are in effect and will supersede information contained herein. Area news media will be informed of changes as they occur.

NEWExtended Youth Hunting Turkey Season!

New in 2022, the Youth Turkey Season is now open April 1 - 7. This extended season is open statewide to all youth under 16 years of age at time of license purchase.

Standard hunting methods and all other turkey hunting regulations apply to the youth season.



Important Notice: Mandatory Reporting

Hunters are Required to Report Hunting Activity by January 31st, 2023

Turkey hunters will owe hunting activity reports (spring and/or fall) for each turkey transport tag purchased. Turkey hunters must report their hunting activity for each tag even if they did not hunt or harvest a bird.

Hunters can submit reports online at *fishhunt.dfw. wa.gov* or by telephone (toll free at 1-877-945-3492). Hunters who harvest an animal should submit a report within 10 days of harvest and all reports must be submitted by January 31. Hunters who fail to report by January 31 will be subject to a \$10 administrative fee, which must be paid before they can purchase a license for the following year. Unsuccessful hunters must also report their hunting activity, including location and days hunted. WDFW will use this information to better monitor hunter effort, distribution, harvest, and trends.

Having a spring and fall season can make reporting confusing for turkey hunters. Any hunter who holds a turkey transport tag during the spring season must submit a spring report for that tag, even if they did not hunt or harvest in the spring. Any hunter who

holds an unfilled turkey tag during the fall season must submit a fall report for that tag, even if they did not hunt or harvest in the fall.

For example, if a hunter holds a turkey transport tag during the spring season and is unsuccessful, they can use that tag in the fall, and therefore a report for both spring and fall will be required.

You will need the following information **for each tag and season** (spring or fall) to submit your turkey hunting activity reports.

- 1. Whether or not you hunted turkeys.
- 2. If you hunted:
 - a. The two Game Management Units (GMU) you hunted in the most. Please refer to wdfw. wa.gov/hunting/locations/gmu or the Big Game Regulations for a GMU map.
 - b. The number of days you hunted in each GMU.
- 3. If you harvested:
 - a. The GMU in which the turkey was harvested.
 - b. Month, day, and year of harvest.
 - c. Sex of the turkey.

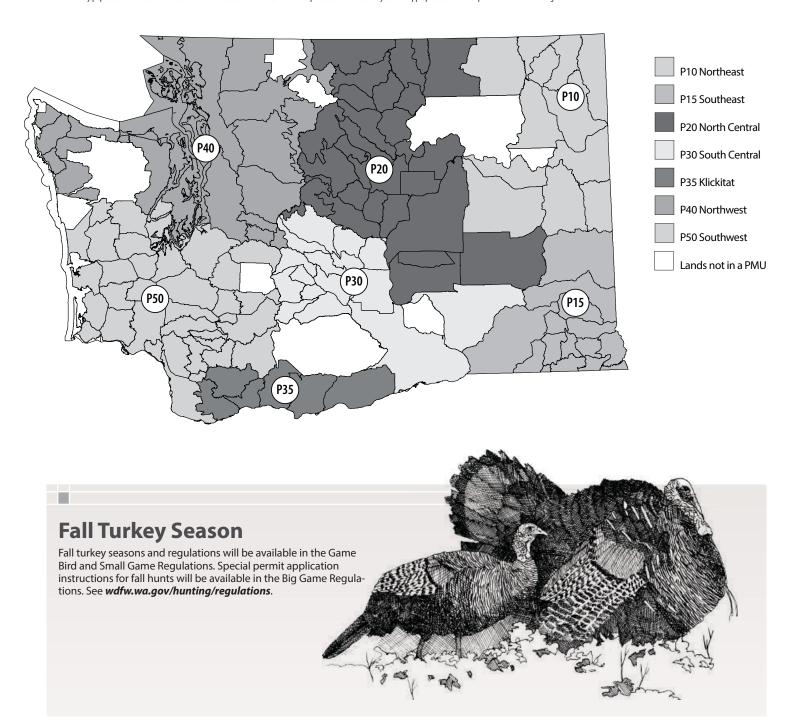


noto by Thomas Ryle

Population Management Units (PMUs)

PMU	PMU NAME	GMUS INCLUDED	SUBSPECIES	PORTION OF STATEWIDE 2020 SPRING TURKEY HARVEST
P10	Northeast	101-136	Merriam's and Rio Grande	68%
P15	Southeast	139-186	Rio Grande	10%
P20	North Central	All 200 GMUs	Merriam's	9%
P30	South Central	All 300 GMUs EXCEPT GMU 382 & 388	Merriam's	3%
P35	Klickitat	GMUs 382, 388, 568-578	Merriam's	10%
P40	Northwest	AII 400 GMUs PLUS GMUs 601-627	Eastern	<1%
P50	Southwest	AII 500 GMUs EXCEPT 568-578 PLUS GMUs 633-699	Eastern	1%

Harvest data for each PMU are available in the annual Game Harvest Reports and Status and Trend Reports. GMU maps and descriptions are available online at wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/locations/gmu. NOTE: Turkey populations in PMUs 40 and 50 have low densities and are often found on private land. Make sure you have appropriate landowner permission when hunting



Washington Department of Fish & Wildlife



BUY YOUR HUNTING LICENSE ONLINE:

fishhunt.dfw.wa.gov

FOR LICENSE INFORMATION & VENDOR LOCATIONS:

(360) 902-2464 wdfw.wa.gov/licensing/vendors

WEBSITE:

wdfw.wa.gov

HUNTING PROSPECTS:

wdfw.wa.gov/hunting/prospects





OLYMPIA HEADQUARTERS OFFICE

Natural Resources Building 1111 Washington Street SE Olympia, WA 98501 Dept. of Fish and Wildlife PO Box 43200 Olympia, WA 98504-3200

Agency Receptionist:	(360) 902-2200
TDD:	(800) 833-6388
Wildlife Program:	(360) 902-2515
Report Wolf Incident (24 hrs)	(877) 933-9847
Enforcement Program:	(360) 902-2936
Poaching in Progress:	Dial: 911
To report a violation: (24 hrs)	(877) 933-9847
Fish Program:	(360) 902-2700
Hunter Education:	(360) 902-8111
Licensing Division:	(360) 902-2464
ADA Program	(360) 902-2349

REGIONAL OFFICES

Region 1 - Spokane: 2315 N. Discovery Place, Spokane Valley, WA 99216-1566	(509) 892-1001
Region 2 - Ephrata: 1550 Alder St. NW, Ephrata, WA 98823-9699	(509) 754-4624
District Office - Wenatchee: 3860 Highway 97A., Wenatchee, WA 98801-9607	(509) 662-0452
Region 3 - Yakima: 1701 S 24th Ave., Yakima, WA 98902-5720	(509) 575-2740
Region 4 - Mill Creek: 16018 Mill Creek Blvd., Mill Creek, WA 98012-1541	(425) 775-1311
Region 5 - Ridgefield: 5525 S 11th Street, Ridgefield, WA 98642	(360) 696-6211
Region 6 - Montesano: 48 Devonshire Road, Montesano, WA 98563-9618	(360) 249-4628

WASHINGTON FISH AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION:

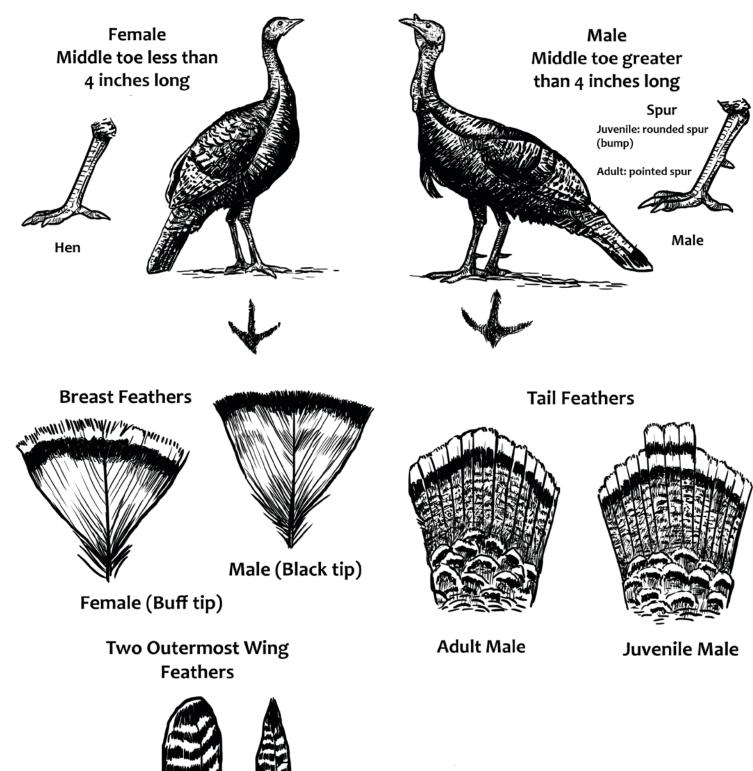
Molly Linville, Acting Chair, Palisades (Eastern Washington position, Douglas County)
James "Jim" Anderson, Buckley (At-large position, Pierce County)
Barbara Baker, Olympia (At-large position, Thurston County)
John Lehmkuhl, Ph.D., Wenatchee (Eastern Washington position, Chelan County)
Donald "Don" McIsaac, Ph.D., Hockinson (Western Washington position, Clark County)
Tim Ragen, Ph.D., Anacortes (Western Washington position, Skagit County)
Melanie Rowland, J.D., Twisp (At-large position, Okanogan County)
Lorna Smith (Western Washington position, Jefferson County)
Kim Thorburn, Spokane (Eastern Washington position, Spokane County)
Kelly Susewind, Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Director

Published by the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW), 2021. PO Box 43200, Olympia, WA 98504-3200. Website: *wdfw.wa.gov*. Kelly Susewind, Director, Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. Larry Carpenter, Chair, Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission.

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U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Chief, Public Civil Rights Division, Department of the Interior, 1849 C Street NW, Washington, DC 20240

Sex and Age of Wild Turkeys



Adult: feather tips are rounded Juvenile: feather tips are pointed

Wild Turkey Enchiladas by Bob Krajczynski

This recipe will fill several baking dishes with wild turkey enchiladas.

Ingredients

- · Two wild turkey breast halves
- Two wild turkey legs
- Chicken broth (between 30–32 ounces total)
- · White wine to fully cover breasts and legs
- ½ teaspoon chili powder
- ½ teaspoon cumin
- 1 teaspoon coriander
- 1/4 teaspoon paprika
- 1 or 1 ½ large yellow onions
- Shredded cheese (light Mexican mix and grated cheddar or any of your choice)
- Four to six cans red enchilada sauce
- Tortillas (flour, corn, or flaxseed your choice)
- Kosher or sea salt
- · Ground black pepper

Directions

Place turkey breast halves and legs in crock pot and cover with two cans of chicken broth. Add chili powder, cumin, coriander, and paprika. Add white wine to completely cover breasts and legs. Cook on high for 4 hours.

When turkey breasts and legs are done, shred breast and leg meat into pieces.

Wild turkey breasts and legs after being cooked in a crock pot

Dice and caramelize 1 to 1 ½ large yellow onions.

Mix shredded turkey, onion, Mexican and cheddar cheeses together, and add salt and pepper to taste.

Heat corn tortillas in frying pan to ease their rolling; flour tortillas roll fine unheated.

Put some red enchilada sauce in a square dish. Dip tortillas in the red enchilada sauce then fill with the turkey/cheese/onion mixture and roll pretty tight.

Place in baking dish (I put a bit of cooking spray in mine) and when dish is full, pour additional enchilada sauce and cheeses over the top. Bake at 350 degrees for 35–40 minutes.

Note: One wild turkey is usually enough for three to four 8-inch-by-8-inch aluminum baking dishes.



Photo by Bob Krajczynski

BBQ Wild Turkey by Patt Dorsey

Ingredients:

- 1 field dressed and skinned wild turkey
- 1/2 cup of sliced onions
- 1 cup of broth
- 3 tablespoons of parsley
- Thyme, garlic, salt and pepper
- BBQ sauce (your favorite)

Directions:

Cut the turkey into pieces across the grain. Place in a crockpot and season with thyme, garlic, salt, pepper and/or your favorite spices. Slice onions and cover the turkey with them. Cook in a crockpot overnight or until the meat falls off the bone. Remove the meat from the bone and shred with a fork. Mix in your favorite BBQ sauce and heat together for 30 minutes. Serve on a bun or with accompanying side dishes. This is a great way to cook legs and thighs.



Find more recipes on WDFW's blog: https://wdfw.medium.com/serving-upland-37cf669fa2fd.

First Turkey Program

Did you harvest your first turkey this year?

Send us your info and receive an official Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) First Turkey Certificate.

CERTIFICATE REQUIREMENTS:

- 1. Hunt and harvest your first turkey
- 2. Report your harvest online at https://fishhunt.dfw.wa.gov or by calling
- 3. Email the following information to: outreach@dfw.wa.gov
 - » First and last name
 - » Date of harvest
 - » Subspecies
 - » Mailing address

And ONE of the following:

- » Email address associated with your WILD account
- » Turkey report confirmation number

TO RECEIVE YOUR NWTF FIRST TURKEY PIN:

- 1. Contact the Washington State Chapter of the NWTF
- 2. When registering your First Turkey in the Washington state NWTF records, provide a copy of your WDFW First Turkey certificate.
- 3. NWTF will then send you your First Turkey pin.

NWTF WA State Chapter Rich Reathaford 509-990-5599





Photo by Tony Pevny



Washington Slam

The Washington Chapter of the National Wild Turkey Federation (NWTF) in cooperation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife is sponsoring brass pins in recognition of achieving the "Washington Slam."

THE CHALLENGE:

Harvest all 3 subspecies - Eastern, Merriam's, and Rio Grande. For the purposes of the "Washington Slam," subspecies are defined by county of harvest. **See the list of subspecies by county at the beginning of the spring turkey regulations.**

TO RECEIVE YOUR WASHINGTON SLAM PIN:

- 1. Report your harvest online at https://fishhunt.dfw.wa.gov or by calling 360-902-2464.
- 2. Contact the Washington State Chapter of NWTF to complete and submit record forms.

NWTF WA State Chapter Rich Reathaford 509-990-5599





Single Season Award Winners (all 3 subspecies taken in a single season)

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Jason Bye David Hoel Ray Lampers Robert Morgan William Patterson Bob Shaw	Jason Bye Jeffrey Cannon David Hoel Bonnie Loney Gerry Loney Jr Dalton McCorkle	Jason Bye David Hoel Gerry Loney	Jason Bye Robert Morgan Gerry Loney Christopher Locke Bob Shaw	Travis Arnott Justin Door Sean Kiniston Bob Shaw	Jason Bye - black powder shotgun David Hoel - archery Harold Holste Sean Kiniston Brad Richard Bob Shaw Blake Westma



Multiple Season Award Winners (all 3 subspecies taken in 2 or more seasons)

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Joseph Lipczynski	Joseph Lipczynski	Esteban Calderon	Joseph Lipczynski	Travis Arnott	Kelsey Byrd Alan Poe







Safe and Ethical Turkey Hunting

- 1. Be sure of your target. After you pull the trigger, it's too late.
- ALWAYS ask permission to hunt on private land. Most landowners are cooperative if you ask.
- Do not attempt to stalk a turkey. That gobbler you're stalking may be another hunter.
- 4. Unless absolutely necessary, don't use a gobbler call. This call can be productive, but also very dangerous. Use this call when all else fails and then sparingly.
- Never wear any red, white, or blue clothes. These are the colors of the gobbler's head, the primary target of the turkey hunter.
- Never presume what you hear is a turkey. Many hunters are convincing callers.
- 7. Select a calling site that gives at least 40 yards of vision in all directions and sit with your back to a large tree.
- 8. If another hunter is working a bird, don't spoil it by calling or spooking the bird.
- Make sure that the gobbler is within sure range of the shotgun and shoot only the neck and head.
- 10. Call out in a loud, clear voice if you see another hunter (especially if they are close to your "line of sight").

For more information, see *The Basics of Turkey Hunting in Washington* at *wdfw.wa.qov/publications/01803*.



field skills evaluation requirement.

Hunter Education Deferral
If your friend has not completed Hunter Education, they can apply
for a one-year, once-in-a-lifetime Hunter Education Deferral to
try hunting before completing a Hunter Education course. They
would have to be accompanied by someone 18 or over that has held
a Washington hunting license for the previous three years. They
also cannot have failed a Hunter Education course in the last year.

All first time hunters have to complete a Hunter Education course

prior to purchasing their initial hunting license. They can take a traditional course or the online course. The online course also has a

Hunting Access

A true sportsman respects the land and demonstrates this respect and appreciation while in the field. Remember to obtain permission from the landowner before accessing their land to hunt or fish. While in the field, conduct yourself in a way

that will ensure a welcome to those who follow after you. The Discover Pass provides access to state recreation lands and can be purchased online at *discoverpass.wa.gov*, by phone at (866) 320-9933, or in person wherever hunting licenses are sold.

You'll receive a complimentary Vehicle Access Pass for WDFW lands when you purchase an annual hunting license. More information on hunting access is available at *wdfw.wa.qov/hunting/locations*.

WDFW Private Lands Program

See back cover for more information

Finding places to hunt in Washington is becoming more of a challenge. With more than half of the state's land in private ownership, WDFW has worked with landowners across the state, developing relationships and providing technical assistance for a variety of programs to increase public access to private lands. The Private Lands Program encompasses two main areas of emphasis; recreational access and habitat conservation through Farm Bill programs. Staff across the state work with private landowners to develop the best strategy for their lands and for wildlife. WDFW regional Private Lands Biologists are strategically located across the state to provide assistance to landowners looking for help with hunting access, technical assistance with habitat conservation programs, or a variety of other access issues. WDFW's Private Lands Program is focused

on working with landowners to provide recreational opportunity to the public. The Private Lands Program staff work with a variety of landowners who may own agricultural farm land, private industrial timber land and/or wetland/water access sites. WDFW works with landowners big and small. Some agreements are with landowners with as few as 3 acres and others with as many as tens of thousands of acres. WDFW also provides all signage, technical assistance and aids in communication with enforcement for all lands enrolled. As of fall 2021, WDFW offers four different types of access agreements to landowners; Feel Free to Hunt, Hunt by Reservation, Register to Hunt and Hunt by Written Permission. To find specific private lands enrolled in any of these programs, please visit our private lands access website at wdfw.wa.gov/private_lands.



Tips for Hunting on Private Land

- 1. Respect private property and landowners.
- Ask for permission well in advance of the season and make a good first impression.
- **3. Offer assistance** to a landowner (e.g., fixing fences, cutting firewood, picking up trash etc.).
- Give the landowner your information (full name, cell phone number, vehicle information etc.).
- **5.** Pack out all garbage leave no trace.
- 6. Leave gates how you found them.
- Do not drive through fields or private property unless you have permission from the landowner.
- 8. Know the property boundaries! Avoid trespassing!
- **9. Remove** all parts of any **harvested game**, unless instructed otherwise by the landowner.
- 10. Be aware of all buildings, equipment and livestock.
- 11. Thank the landowner for providing access.
- Always remember hunting on private land is a privilege -NOT a right.



WILD TURKEY CAPITAL OF WASHINGTON

Turkey Hunting Location Map! Want to hunt turkeys but don't know where to go? Go to www.mapmet.com and find a spot!

The maps, which you can download into Google Earth or use as a stand-alone, display areas on public land that offer good opportunities for finding turkeys during the spring hunting season.

Respect private property: Do not trespass on private land without the landowner's permission. The site was built in cooperation with all public land wildlife biologists in Stevens, Ferry and Pend Oreille Counties.

All of these areas are open to public hunting. Some of the areas border private land and the owners might or might not allow hunting.

Hunters can go to www.colvillechamberofcommerce.com for information on accommodations, sporting goods and supplies, restaurants, family events, current weather conditions and guide services.

For more information:

Colville Chamber of Commerce 986 S. Main St., Ste. B 509-684-5973



www.colvillechamber of commerce.com

Private Lands Access Program



Find enrolled properties online at: https://privatelands.wdfw.wa.gov/private_lands/



Hunt by Written Permission – This includes private lands where a landowner or organization voluntarily open their land to public hunting on a contact-for-permission basis. Hunt by Written Permission requires the hunter to contact the Landowner and meet in person to obtain written permission to hunt that property. Written permission is validated by the possession of a written slip, provided to the hunter by the landowner. The Department provides these slips to the landowner at no cost. The Hunt by Written Permission program allows for the greatest flexibility for landowners and is our most widely used access program.



Hunt by Reservation – This component of the private lands program launched in 2013. It is attractive to many landowners and organizations because it allows access to specific reservation and hunter information via a landowner portal. The Hunt by Reservation program is managed through an online registration system where hunters create an account in order to reserve available properties. The Hunt by Reservation program allows landowners to manage hunting on their lands, without direct contact with hunters.



Feel Free to Hunt – This includes private lands where the Department has a management agreement with the landowner or organization to provide public access for hunting with minimal restrictions. This type of agreement provides the most open and unrestricted type of access for the public. Many Feel Free to Hunt properties house a wide variety of small game and big game species and provide ample hunting opportunity.



Register to Hunt – This includes private lands where the Department has a management agreement with the landowner or organization to regulate hunting access by on-site registration. Hunters are required to sign in using a registration slip found near the designated parking area. Parking is usually limited for these properties, to limit the number of hunters.

